EDGEMONT RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 31, 2019

CONTENTS

Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES8
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS9
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND11
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS12
STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS14
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND27
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) – WATER FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) – SEWER FUND29



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

April 2, 2020

Board of Directors
Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Beckstead & Co., LLC
566 S. Asbury Ct. Grand Junction, CO 81504 (970) 462-7707 (970) 462-7709 (fax)
www.becksteadcpa.com

April 2, 2020 Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplemental budget and actual schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental budget and actual schedules are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental budget and actual schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

& Co., LLC

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2019

As management of the Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District ("District") we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes.)

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include general government, roads, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the District are water and wastewater services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds, and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements and commitment of spendable resources for the near-term. The two governmental funds maintained by the District are the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund as required by Colorado statutes. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements are found on pages 9 – 11 of this report.

Proprietary funds: The District maintains two proprietary funds. The District uses the Water Fund to account for its water treatment plant and distribution system and the Sewer Fund to account for its sewer treatment plant and collection system.

These proprietary funds encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. As of December 31, 2019, the District is providing water and sewer services to 586 residences, with an additional 178 unimproved lots yet to be built on. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 14 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 15 - 26 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table provides condensed financial information derived from the government-wide financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 to show the changing net position of the District. The District's net position at the end of 2019 is \$14,960,762 (page 7).

		Governm	nental	Business-type Activities							
		Activit	ies								
				%				%			
	2019	2018	\$ Change	Change	2019	2018	\$ Change	Change			
Assets:											
Current and other assets	\$ 847,787	\$ 757,090	\$ 90,697	12%	\$5,404,827	\$5,420,446	\$ (15,619)	0%			
Capital assets	5,255,830	4,310,491	945,339	22%	8,817,509	8,012,013	805,496	10%			
Total Assets	6,103,617	5,067,581	1,036,036	20%	14,222,336	13,432,459	789,877	6%			
Liabilities:											
Current and other liabilities	71,187	61,750	9,437	15%	490,729	462,073	28,656	6%			
Long-term liabilities	196,421	249,253	(52,832)	-21%	4,308,377	4,720,212	(411,835)	-9%			
Total Liabilities	267,608	311,003	(43,395)	-14%	4,799,106	5,182,285	(383,179)	-7%			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Deferred property tax revenue	298,477	260,566	37,911	15%	-	-	-	0%			
Net Position:											
Net investment in capital assets	5,006,577	4,010,374	996,203	25%	8,566,525	7,365,809	1,200,716	16%			
Restricted for emergencies	8,334	7,316	1,018	14%	-	-	-				
Restricted for road mtnc.	247,882	231,120	16,762	7%	-	-	-				
Unrestricted (deficit)	274,739	247,202	27,537	11%	856,705	884,365	(27,660)	-3%			
Total Net Position	\$5,537,532	\$4,496,012	\$ 1,041,520	23%	\$9,423,230	\$8,250,174	\$1,173,056	14%			

The District as a whole maintained a positive current ratio of 11.1 to 1 (a slight decrease from 11.9 to 1 in 2018), which compares current assets to current liabilities as an indicator of the District's ability to pay current obligations. The governmental fund has a current ratio of 11.9 to 1 and business-type funds are at 11.0 to 1.

Note that 86% of the governmental funds total assets are tied up in capital assets, comprised mainly of roads and equipment to maintain them. The business-type funds have 62% of total assets tied up in capital assets. These capital assets are comprised mainly of water / sewer infrastructure and treatment plants to serve residents. In 2017 the sewer fund acquired a loan in the amount of \$4.5 million to cover costs to build a new sewer treatment plant, necessary to meet new state treatment standards. The plant construction has been delayed waiting on the necessary state approvals and will be completed in 2021. These loan proceeds make up a large portion of the current assets.

The District has maintained a positive balance in all funds. Net position in governmental and business-type activities increased by \$1,041,520 and \$1,173,056 respectively, for a total increase of \$2,214,576. The increase in governmental activities comes mainly from tax revenue, fees to maintain roads and developer donated assets. The increase in business-type activities are due to water / sewer revenues and developer donated assets. The water and sewer funds no longer collect a fee on lots sold by the developer, causing a decrease in revenues. The developer donated assets are a reflection of the acceptance of 11 lots in Meadows 2A and 38 lots in Overlook 5B including all the road, water and sewer infrastructure.

The table below compares the District's Activities for 2019 and 2018 and summarizes the District's net position.

Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District's Change in Net Position

Governmental					Business-type								
		Activiti	es			Activit	ies						
				%				%					
	2019	2018	\$ Change	Change	2019	2018	\$ Change	Change					
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
General government	\$ 13,824	\$ 13,824	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Roads	67,575	74,560	(6,985)	-9%	-	-	-						
Water	-	-	-		565,199	612,493	(47,294)	-8%					
Sewer	-	-	-		785,551	821,909	(36,358)	-4%					
General revenues:			-				-						
Property taxes	288,647	272,283	16,364	6%	-	-	-						
Miscellaneous	14,474	14,786	(312)	-2%	-	-	-						
Developer donated assets	1,072,902	99,581	973,321	977%	821,338	247,285	574,053	232%					
Interest			_		6,698	6,689	9	0%					
Transfers	-	-	_		-	_	-						
Total Revenues	1,457,422	475,034	982,388	207%	2,178,786	1,688,376	490,410	29%					
Expenses:			-				-						
General government	183,090	179,505	3,585	2%	-	_	-						
Roads	222,283	199,299	22,984	12%	-	_	-						
Interest	10,529	12,424	(1,895)	-15%	-	_	-						
Water	-	_	_		495,837	512,559	(16,722)	-3%					
Sewer	-	-	-		509,893	522,120	(12,227)	-2%					
Total Expenses	415,902	391,228	24,674	6%	1,005,730	1,034,679	(28,949)	-3%					
Change in Net Position	1,041,520	83,806	957,714	1143%	1,173,056	653,697	519,359	79%					
Net Position - Beginning	4,496,012	4,412,206	83,806	2%	8,250,174	7,596,477	653,697	9%					
Net Position - Ending	\$5,537,532	\$4,496,012	\$ 1,041,520	23%	\$9,423,230	\$8,250,174	\$ 1,173,056	14%					

Governmental revenues: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$530,955, an increase of \$45,317 from the prior year (page 9). Of the fund balance, \$3,568 is non-spendable because it consists of prepaid expenses. \$8,334 is restricted, meaning it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for emergencies under the Taxpayers' Bill of Rights (TABOR). An additional \$247,882 is restricted for future road maintenance. \$71,883 is assigned for debt service. The remaining \$199,288 is unassigned and is available for spending in future years.

Proprietary funds: The District's proprietary funds statements (pages 12-14) provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The net position of the proprietary funds totaled \$9,423,230 at the end of 2019 as compared to \$8,250,174 at the end of 2018. As of December 31, 2019, \$8,566,525 of this balance was invested in capital assets net of related debt and \$856,705 was available for spending at the District's discretion.

Budget variances: Details of the budget variances can be seen on page 27 for the debt service fund and pages 28-29 for the proprietary funds.

Capital assets: The District invested \$241,117 in capital asset additions during 2019. These investments included a road sander for snow removal, water treatment plant equipment, meter reading equipment, and construction in progress for the new sewer plant. The District also received developer donated assets of water and sewer and roads infrastructure in the amount of \$1,894,240, as discussed above. Depreciation expense of \$384,522 was recognized in 2019. Additional information as well as a detailed classification of the District's net capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 22 and 23 of this report.

Long-term debt: The District reduced its outstanding long-term debt balance by \$439,386, bringing the 2019 year-end balances to \$249,253 in Governmental Activities and \$4,720,212 in Business-type Activities. Additional information can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 23 and 24 of this report.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District, 5972 County Road 234, Durango, CO 81301, phone (970)259-3102.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

ASSETS	overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Current Assets			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 534,634	\$ 732,936	\$ 1,267,570
Cash held by treasurer	2,218	-	2,218
Restricted cash - unspent bond proceeds	-	4,469,228	4,469,228
Property taxes receivable	298,477	-	298,477
Other receivables	8,890	193,216	202,106
Prepaid expenses	3,568	9,447	13,015
Total Current Assets	847,787	5,404,827	6,252,614
Capital assets, non-depreciable	62,609	170,575	233,184
Capital assets, depreciable (net)	5,193,221	 8,646,934	13,840,155
Total Assets	\$ 6,103,617	\$ 14,222,336	\$ 20,325,953
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts and other payables Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Current portion of long-term obligations Total Current Liabilities	\$ 11,349 7,006 - 52,832 71,187	\$ 45,899 12,995 20,000 411,835 490,729	\$ 57,248 20,001 20,000 464,667 561,916
Long-term obligations, net of current portion	196,421	4,308,377	4,504,798
Total Liabilites	267,608	4,799,106	5,066,714
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred property tax revenue	298,477	-	298,477
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	5,006,577	8,566,525	13,573,102
Restricted for emergencies	8,334	-	8,334
Restricted for road maintenance	247,882	-	247,882
Unrestricted	274,739	 856,705	1,131,444
Total Net Position	\$ 5,537,532	\$ 9,423,230	\$ 14,960,762

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2019

		Prog	gram Revenues		,	ses) Revenu in Net Posit usiness-			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services			Governmental Activities		Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities									
General government	\$ 183,090	\$	13,824	\$	(169,266)			\$	(169,266)
Roads	222,283	,	67,575	•	(154,708)			•	(154,708)
Interest	10,529		-		(10,529)				(10,529)
Total governmental	415,902		81,399		(334,503)				(334,503)
Business-type Activities									
Water	495,837		565,199			\$	69,362		69,362
Sewer	509,893		785,551			,	275,658		275,658
Total business-type	1,005,730		1,350,750				345,020		345,020
Total	\$ 1,421,632	\$	1,432,149		(334,503)		345,020		10,517
General revenues									
Taxes					288,647		-		288,647
Interest income					-		6,698		6,698
Miscellaneous					14,474		-		14,474
Developer donated	assets				1,072,902		821,338		1,894,240
	Total general	revenue	es and transfers		1,376,023		828,036		2,204,059
	(Change	in net position		1,041,520		1,173,056		2,214,576
Net position, Jan 1					4,496,012		8,250,174		12,746,186
Net position, Dec 31				\$	5,537,532	\$	9,423,230	\$	14,960,762

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2019

				Debt		Total
		General		Service	G	overnment
ASSETS						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	463,276	\$	71,358	\$	534,634
Cash with Treasurer		1,693		525		2,218
Property taxes receivable		235,569		62,908		298,477
Other receivables		8,890		-		8,890
Prepaid expenses		3,568				3,568
Total Assets	\$	712,996	\$	134,791	\$	847,787
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	OUF	RCES, AND	FUNI	D EQUITY		
Accounts payable	\$	11,349	\$	-	\$	11,349
Accrued liabilities		7,006		-		7,006
Total Liabilites		18,355		-		18,355
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property tax revenue		235,569		62,908		298,477
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable		3,568		-		3,568
Restricted for emergencies		8,334		-		8,334
Restricted for road maintenance		247,882		-		247,882
Assigned for debt service		-		71,883		71,883
Unassigned		199,288		- -		199,288
Total Fund Balances		459,072		71,883		530,955
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	712,996	\$	134,791	\$	847,787
I	==== Fund	balances (as	repor	ted above)		530,955
Amounts reported for governmental activities in different because:		,	-	· ·		,
Capital assets are not financial resources and are	there	efore not ren	orted i	in the funds		5,255,830
Long-term obligations are not payable in the cur		-				,,
not reported in the funds	Г					(249,253)
-	positi	on of govern	menta	al activities	\$	5,537,532
		6		_	_	, ,

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2019

		Debt			
	General	Total			
Revenues		Service			
Taxes	\$ 220,239	\$ 68,408	\$ 288,647		
Fees	67,575	-	67,575		
Lease	13,824	-	13,824		
Miscellaneous	14,474	-	14,474		
Total Revenues	316,112	68,408	384,520		
Expenditures					
Personnel	134,164	_	134,164		
General governmental administrative	45,804	1,837	47,641		
Roads	96,005	-	96,005		
Debt Service		61,393	61,393		
Total Expenditures	275,973	63,230	339,203		
Net Change in Fund Balances	40,139	5,178	45,317		
Fund Balance, January 1	418,933	66,705	485,638		
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 459,072	\$ 71,883	\$ 530,955		
Net cha	inge in fund ba	alance (above)	45,317		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the states different because:	ment of activit	ies are			
Developer donations do not provide current financial reso	ources but affect	ct net position	1,072,902		
Principal payments of long-term obligations consumes cu	rrent financial	resources	70.064		
but do not affect net position			50,864		
Depreciation of capital assets does not consume current financial resources					
but affects net position			(134,763)		
Capital assets acquired during the period consumes current financial resources					
but do not affect net position	C	. 1	7,200		
Change in net position	n of governme	ental activities	\$ 1,041,520		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Bud Origina	geted .	ounts Final		Actual	W	ariance ith Final Budget	
Revenues	Origina	*1		1 mai		7 Ictual		Buaget
Taxes	\$ 207,5	513	\$	207,513	\$	220,239	\$	12,726
Fees	61,2		Ψ	61,264	Ψ	67,575	Ψ	6,311
Lease	13,8			13,824		13,824		-
Miscellaneous	13,0			13,070		14,474		1,404
Total Revenues				295,671		316,112		20,441
Expenditures								
Administrative	59,3	344		59,344		45,804		(13,540)
Personnel	136,6	665		136,665		134,164		(2,501)
Roads	84,3	315		84,315		96,005		11,690
Total Expenditures	280,3	324		280,324		275,973		(4,351)
Net Change in Fund Balances	15,3	347		15,347		40,139		24,792
Fund Balance, January 1	418,9	933		418,933		418,933		
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 434,2	280	\$	434,280	\$	459,072	\$	24,792

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

December 31, 2019

	В	usiness-type Activ	ities				
	Enterprise Funds						
	Water	Sewer	Total				
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 219,392	\$ 513,544	\$ 732,936				
Restricted cash - unspent bond proceeds	-	4,469,228	4,469,228				
Accounts receivables (net)	78,133	115,083	193,216				
Prepaid expenses and deposits	4,592	4,855	9,447				
Total Current Assets	302,117	5,102,710	5,404,827				
Capital assets							
Sewer system	-	4,456,084	4,456,084				
Water system	6,415,318	-	6,415,318				
Water rights	170,575	-	170,575				
Building	29,530	41,750	71,280				
Equipment and vehicles	200,256	521,486	721,742				
Accumulated depreciation	(1,769,897)	(1,247,593)	(3,017,490)				
Capital Assets	5,045,782	3,771,727	8,817,509				
Total Assets	\$ 5,347,899	\$ 8,874,437	\$ 14,222,336				
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 20,970	\$ 24,929	\$ 45,899				
Accrued liabilities	6,000	6,995	12,995				
Long-term debt, current portion	189,112	222,723	411,835				
Unearned revenue	-	20,000	20,000				
Total Current Liabilites	216,082	274,647	490,729				
Noncurrent liabilities							
Long-term debt	391,015	3,917,362	4,308,377				
Total Liabilities		4,192,009	4,799,106				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	4,465,655	4,100,870	8,566,525				
Unrestricted	275,147	581,558	856,705				
Total Net Position		\$ 4,682,428	\$ 9,423,230				
	. ,,	,,,,,,,	, ,				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2019

		Business Type Activities Enterprise Funds						
			Water		Sewer		Totals	
Operating Revenues								
Sales and services		\$	354,872	\$	569,040	\$	923,912	
Maintenance fees			209,827		214,630		424,457	
	Total Operating Revenues		564,699		783,670		1,348,369	
Operating Expenses								
Treatment			161,525		71,938		233,463	
Personnel			131,039		152,337		283,376	
Depreciation			143,101		106,658		249,759	
Administrative cos	ts		23,607		26,691		50,298	
	Total Operating Expenses		459,272		357,624		816,896	
	Operating Income		105,427		426,046		531,473	
Non-Operating Rever	nue (Expenses)							
Other income			500		1,881		2,381	
Interest income			-		6,698		6,698	
Developer donated	assets		358,734		462,604		821,338	
Interest expense			(36,565)		(152,269)		(188,834)	
Total Non-Ope	erating Revenue (Expenses)		322,669		318,914		641,583	
	Change in Net Position		428,096		744,960		1,173,056	
Net Position - Januar	y 1		4,312,706		3,937,468		8,250,174	
Net Position - Decem	aber 31	\$	4,740,802	\$	4,682,428	\$	9,423,230	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

For the year ended December 31, 2019

				Type Activ		S
		Water		Sewer		Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			•			
Cash received from customers	\$	560,786	\$	777,221	\$ 1	,338,007
Cash paid to employees		(130,006)		(151,132)		(281,138)
Cash paid to suppliers		(177,834)		(95,436)		(273,270)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activites		252,946		530,653		783,599
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Purchase of fixed assets		(29,125)		(204,792)		(233,917)
Interest paid		(36,565)		(152,269)		(188,834)
Debt principal payments		(176,407)		(212,115)		(388,522)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By						
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(242,097)		(569,176)		(811,273)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Interest income		_		6,698		6,698
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		-		6,698		6,698
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents		10,849		(31,825)		(20,976)
Cash and Equivalents, Beginning		208,543		5,014,597		5,223,140
Cash and Equivalents, Ending	\$	219,392	\$ 4	4,982,772	\$ 5	5,202,164
December of Net Operation Income To Net Coal December						
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income To Net Cash Provided (Used) Propagating Assisting						
(Used) By Operating Activities:	¢	105 427	Φ	126.046	C	521 472
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	105,427	\$	426,046	\$	531,473
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income						
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		1.42 1.01		106 650		240.750
Depreciation and Amortization		143,101		106,658		249,759
Other income		500		1,881		2,381
Change in accounts receivable		(4,413)		(8,330)		(12,743)
Change in prepaid expenses		3,824		3,562		7,386
Change in accounts payable		3,474		(369)		3,105
Change in accrued liabilities	Ф.	1,033	•	1,205	•	2,238
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activites	<u> </u>	252,946	<u>\$</u>	530,653	\$	783,599
Noncash Capital and Investing Activity:						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Developer donated assets

\$ 358,734

\$ 462,604

\$ 821,338

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Organization

The Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District (the "District") was organized by judicial decree on July 13, 1983. The District is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado organized pursuant to the requirements of the Special District Act. The District was formed to provide certain public infrastructure and municipal services for the benefit of the residents and property owners within the District. The District is located within La Plata County, Colorado. The governing body of the District is elected by the registered voters within the District and consists of a five-member board of directors.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

2. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

3. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Currently, the District has governmental and business-type activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debts and obligations. The District's net position is reported as net investment in capital assets; restricted for emergencies; restricted for road maintenance; and, unrestricted.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

4. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District currently has a General Fund and a Debt Service Fund, which are governmental funds, and a Water Fund and a Sewer Fund, which are proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for debt service resources and transactions of the District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the District is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the District has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Operating revenues and expenses for enterprise funds are those that result from providing services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – The Water Fund accounts for operations of the District's water treatment plant and distribution system.

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the District's sewer treatment plant and collection system.

5. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Long-Term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted assets first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized in the proprietary fund type. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense and expenditures for property and equipment are shown as increases in assets.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In the fall of each year, the District's Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budget for the governmental fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The budget for the proprietary fund is adopted on the budgetary basis of accounting, which differs from the GAAP basis in that depreciation and amortization are excluded from expenditures, and outlays for the acquisition of capital assets and debt service principal are included as expenditures.

As required by Colorado statutes, the District followed the timetable below in approving and enacting the budgets for the ensuing year:

- (1) Prior to August 25, the County Assessor sends the District the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District's boundaries.
- (2) On or before October 15, the District's accountant submits to the District's Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District's operating requirements.
- (3) The Board holds a public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- (4) Prior to December 15, the District computes and certifies to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derives the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) Prior to December 31, the final budget and appropriating resolution is adopted.
- (6) After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

as determined by the original appropriation level; b) supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget; c) emergency appropriations; and d) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

Amounts originally appropriated by the District for 2019 were as follows: General Fund (\$280,324), Debt Service Fund (\$63,460), Water Fund (\$588,276), and Sewer Fund (\$2,642,774). The District made no supplemental appropriations for 2019.

The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives, as follows:

	Estimated Lives
Road system	50 years
Street lights	20 years
Water system	50 years
Sewer system	50 years
Buildings	40 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-10 years

9. Property Taxes

Property taxes for 2019, collectible in 2020, were certified by the La Plata County Commissioners before December 31, 2019. Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2020 and are due in total April 30, 2020 or in equal installments February 28, 2020 and June 15, 2020, at the option of the taxpayer. Property taxes for 2019, collectible in 2020, are shown as property taxes receivable and deferred property tax revenue on the statement of net position in the amount of the assessed taxes. The County Treasurer remits taxes collected monthly to the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

10. Accounts Receivable

The District considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

11. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

12. Classification of Fund Balance

In the governmental fund (general fund and debt service fund) financial statements fund balance is reported in five classifications.

Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses represent fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form.

Restricted: The Colorado Constitution as amended by TABOR (see separate TABOR amendment note) requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases.

Voters approved an increase in property taxes for the District that is to be used for road maintenance. The fund balance related to amounts not yet spent is reported as restricted.

It is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available.

Committed: Committed is that portion of fund balance that has been committed by the highest level of formal action of the District's Board of Directors and does not lapse at year-end. The District does not have any committed fund balance at year end. It is the District's policy to use committed fund balance first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available.

Assigned: Assignments of fund balance are designated by District management. Fund balance in the Debt Service Fund is assigned for future debt service.

Unassigned: Fund balance that has not been reported in any other classification is reported as unassigned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position as "Equity in pooled cash and investments."

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's cash deposits was \$5,736,798 and the bank balance was \$5,735,721. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized as discussed in the next paragraph.

Statutes require that any public depository which accepts and holds public funds maintain, as security for public deposits accepted and held by it, not insured by federal depository insurance, eligible collateral having a market value, at all times, equal to at least 102 percent of the amount of public deposits. Banking institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Banking Commission and must report monthly on all public deposits held. Pledged collateral must be held in joint custody of the bank and of the Public Deposit Protection Act in a safekeeping account held by a third party, usually the Federal Reserve Bank. The pledged collateral cannot be released unless approval is obtained by the banking commission. Savings and Loan institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Commissioner of Savings and Loan Associations and must report quarterly on all public deposits held. Pledged collateral, usually in the form of mortgages, must be held by a third party institution for the benefit of the commissioner.

Investments

Colorado state statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, obligations of any other U.S. agencies, obligations of the World Bank, general obligation bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, revenue bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, bankers acceptance notes, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts. All investments must be held by the District, in their name, or in custody of a third party on behalf of the local government.

At December 31, 2019, the District had no investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Dispositions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Non-depreciable capital assets:	¢ (2.600	¢.	¢.	¢ (2.600
Land	\$ 62,609	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,609
Depreciable capital assets:	£ 010 101	1 072 002		6 001 002
Infrastructure	5,818,191	1,072,902	-	6,891,093
Buildings	50,036	7.200	(7.075)	50,036
Equipment and vehicles	283,342	7,200	(7,075)	283,467
Total depreciable capital assets	6,151,569	1,080,102	(7,075)	7,224,596
Less accumulated depreciation	1,903,687	134,763	(7,075)	2,031,375
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,247,882	945,339	<u>-</u>	5,193,221
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,310,491	\$ 945,339	\$ -	\$ 5,255,830
		- 11		
Governmental activity depreciation expense		ollows:		
General government	\$ 1,285			
Roads	133,478			
	\$ 134,763			
Business-type activities				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Water Fund water rights	\$ 170,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,575
Depreciable capital assets:				
Water Fund				
Water system	6,054,172	361,146	-	6,415,318
Building	29,530	-	-	29,530
Vehicles and equipment	188,194	26,713	(14,651)	200,256
Sewer Fund				
Sewer system	3,788,688	667,396	-	4,456,084
Building	41,750	-	-	41,750
Vehicles and equipment	521,486			521,486
Total depreciable capital assets	10,623,820	1,055,255	(14,651)	11,664,424
Less accumulated depreciation	2,782,382	249,759	(14,651)	3,017,490
Depreciable capital assets, net	7,841,438	805,496		8,646,934
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,012,013	\$ 805,496	\$ -	\$ 8,817,509

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

1 mounts

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of the District's Long-term Debt Obligations follows:

					Amounts
					Due
	Beginning			Ending	Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
2014 General Obligation Refunding Loan	\$ 300,117	\$ -	\$ 50,864	\$ 249,253	\$ 52,832
Business-type Activities:					
Rancho Durango Obligation	\$ 252,523	\$ -	\$119,288	\$ 133,235	\$ 133,235
2014 Water Revenue Loan	597,445	-	101,256	496,189	105,174
2017 Sewer Revenue Loan	4,258,766		167,978	4,090,788	173,426
	\$5,108,734	\$ -	\$388,522	\$4,720,212	\$ 411,835

2014 General Obligation Refunding Loan in the face amount of \$510,000 was issued with a date of May 1, 2014. The interest rate is 3.75% and principal and interest payments of \$5,116 are made monthly through May, 2024.

The District has incurred an obligation to Rancho Durango, Ltd. for the use and ultimate ownership of certain infrastructure of the District including water and sewer treatment facilities and distribution and collection systems, land, buildings, and easements that are integral to the operation of the District. The agreement requires monthly payments equal to 25% of water and sewer fees collected in excess of \$8,000 for that month. The final monthly payment is due in May, 2020. The obligation is presented in the District's financial statements at the net present value of the estimated future payments, discounted at the District's estimated borrowing rate at the date of the transaction of 7.5%.

2014 Water Revenue Loan in the face amount of \$1,000,000 was issued with a date of May 1, 2014 and amended on December 12, 2014. The interest rate is 3.75% and principal and interest payments of \$10,185 are made monthly through May, 2024. The loan is secured by the net revenues of the water fund of the District.

2017 Sewer Revenue Loan in the face amount of \$4,500,000 was issued with a date of June 13, 2017. The interest rate is 3.375% and principal and interest payments of \$25,924 are made monthly through May, 2027. A balloon payment is due June, 2027. The loan is secured by the net revenues of the water fund of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

The debt service requirements for the 2014 General Obligation Refunding Loan is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	52,832	8,562	61,394
2021	54,877	6,517	61,394
2022	57,000	4,394	61,394
2023	59,205	2,189	61,394
2024	25,339_	241_	25,580
	\$ 249,253	\$ 21,903	\$ 271,156

The debt service requirements for the 2014 Water Revenue Loan is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	105,174	17,042	122,216
2021	109,243	12,973	122,216
2022	113,469	8,747	122,216
2023	117,860	4,356	122,216
2024	50,443	480_	50,923
	\$ 496,189	\$ 43,598	\$ 539,787

The debt service requirements for the 2017 Sewer Revenue Loan is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	173,426	137,657	311,083
2021	179,845	131,238	311,083
2022	186,096	124,987	311,083
2023	192,565	118,518	311,083
2024	198,939	112,144	311,083
2025-2027	3,159,917_	248,631	3,408,548
	\$4,090,788	\$ 873,175	\$4,963,963

The future minimum lease payments of the Rancho Durango obligation follows:

Y ear	
2020	\$ 143,227
Total minimum lease payments	143,227
Less amount representing interest	9,992
	\$ 133,235

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

During the normal course of business, the District may incur claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District believes that there are no material outstanding claims against the District at December 31, 2019.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and general liability. The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") for property and liability insurance.

The Pool was formed by an intergovernmental agreement to provide public officials, property, general and automobile liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000, except if the claim falls within the government immunity statute, then the coverage is \$150,000 per person and a \$600,000 aggregate claim. The Pool is reinsured for 80% of the first \$250,000 of all claims and 100% for claims in excess of \$250,000. The District may be required to make additional contributions in the event aggregate losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts. Any excess funds, which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Any settled claims are not expected to exceed coverage. A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows:

\$ 63,918,422
\$39,345,647
24,572,775
\$63,918,422
\$21,881,889
22,973,705
\$ (1,091,816)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

TABOR AMENDMENT

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that of the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a new tax revenue gain to any local government. Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple fiscal year or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in future years.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of the fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service) for fiscal years ended after December 31, 1994. At December 31, 2019, a reserve of \$8,334 was required for the General Fund.

Under TABOR, the initial base for local government spending and revenue limits is December 31, 1992 fiscal year spending. Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District participates in the Edgemont Ranch Metropolitan District Lincoln Retirement 457(b) Governmental Deferred Compensation Plan administered by Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. The Plan is a single-employer defined contribution retirement plan covering all full-time employees of the District. The District's board authorizes the benefit terms of the plan and has the authority to amend those terms, subject to applicable regulations. The District contributes 5% of participant's compensation to the plan. Participants can contribute up to the maximum percentage allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. Participants are fully vested in all contributions. During 2019 the District contributed \$16,370 and plan participants contributed \$0.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budget	ounts			Variance With Final		
	Original		Final	1	Actual		Budget
Revenues				•			
Taxes	\$ 64,676	\$	64,676	\$	68,334	\$	3,658
Interest	200		200		74		(126)
Total Revenues	64,876		64,876		68,408		3,532
Expenditures							
Administrative	2,066		2,066		1,837		(229)
Debt service	61,394	-	61,394		61,393		(1)
Total Expenditures	63,460		63,460		63,230		(230)
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	1,416		1,416		5,178		3,762
Fund Balance, January 1	66,705		66,705		66,705		
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 68,121	\$	68,121	\$	71,883	\$	3,762

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Variance With Final Budget			
Revenues	Ф	2.45.602	Ф	245.602	Ф	254052	Φ.	0.100
Sales and services	\$	345,692	\$	345,692	\$	354,872	\$	9,180
Maintenance fees		208,512		208,512		209,827		1,315
Miscellaneous		500		500		500		
Total Revenues		554,704		554,704		565,199		10,495
Expenditures								
Administrative		23,350		23,350		23,607		257
Personnel		134,215		134,215		131,039		(3,176)
Water treatment		178,720		178,720		161,525		(17,195)
Debt payments		211,991		211,991		212,972		981
Capital outlay		40,000		40,000		29,125		(10,875)
Total Expenditures		588,276		588,276		558,268		(30,008)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(33,572)	\$	(33,572)		6,931	\$	40,503
Reconciliation to GAAP basis of account	ing							
Capital outlay capitalized						29,125		
Debt principal payments						176,407		
Developer donated assets						358,734		
Depreciation expense						(143,101)		
Change in Net Position						428,096		
Net Position, January 1						4,312,706		
Net Position, December 31					\$	4,740,802		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER FUND

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues					
Sales and services	\$ 565,605	\$ 565,605	\$ 569,040	\$ 3,435	
Maintenance fees	213,600	213,600	214,630	1,030	
Interest income	6,700	6,700	6,698	(2)	
Other income	100	100	1,381	1,281	
Miscellaneous	500	500	500	-	
Total Revenues	786,505	786,505	792,249	5,744	
Expenditures					
Administrative	28,470	28,470	26,691	(1,779)	
Personnel	155,800	155,800	152,337	(3,463)	
Sewer treatment	93,696	93,696	71,938	(21,758)	
Debt payments	363,808	363,808	364,384	576	
Capital outlay	2,001,000	2,001,000	204,792	(1,796,208)	
Total Expenditures	2,642,774	2,642,774	820,142	(1,822,632)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,856,269)	\$ (1,856,269)	(27,893)	\$ 1,828,376	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis of account	ing				
Capital outlay capitalized	8		204,792		
Debt principal payments			212,115		
Developer donated assets			462,604		
Depreciation expense			(106,658)		
Change in Net Position			744,960		
Net Position, January 1			3,937,468		
Net Position, December 31			\$ 4,682,428		